Date: $\qquad$ Name: $\qquad$

## Fractions Final Practice Test

Use the correct sign $(<=>)$ to make the statement true.
$\frac{1}{2}() \frac{5}{8}$
$\frac{5}{9}() \frac{3}{5}$
$\frac{2}{3}() \frac{6}{9}$
$1 \frac{6}{7}() \frac{13}{10}$

Put the following in order from least to greatest. Number from 1 through 7.
$\frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{4}{7}$
$\frac{4}{7} \quad \frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{11}{11}$
$1 \frac{1}{5}$
$\frac{9}{10}$
$\frac{5}{4}$

Complete the following equivalent fractions.
$\frac{1}{3}=\frac{3}{}$
$\frac{2}{5}=\frac{14}{}$
$\frac{2}{12}=\frac{1}{}$
$\frac{3}{27}=\overline{9}$

Place the following in lowest terms as required.
$\frac{6}{12}=$
$\frac{3}{15}=$
$1 \frac{3}{12}=$
$\frac{18}{4}=$

Convert the following improper fractions to mixed numbers in lowest terms.
$\frac{5}{4}=$
$\frac{9}{7}=$
$\frac{11}{8}=$
$\frac{21}{6}=$

Convert the following mixed number to improper fractions.
$1 \frac{2}{3}=$
$2 \frac{1}{4}=$
$2 \frac{1}{6}=$
$1 \frac{3}{8}=$

Add the following. Ensure the answer is in lowest terms.
$\frac{2}{3}+\frac{1}{3}=$
$\frac{4}{5}+\frac{2}{3}=$
$\frac{1}{4}+\frac{5}{8}=$
$1 \frac{2}{5}+\frac{6}{5}=$

Subtract the following. Ensure the answer is in lowest terms.
$\frac{8}{10}-\frac{7}{10}=$
$\frac{14}{16}-\frac{1}{4}=$
$\frac{8}{13}-\frac{1}{2}=$
$2 \frac{2}{9}-\frac{8}{9}=$

